## N4 NUMERACY 1.4

This resource is to support pupils in passing the appropriate National 4 Assessment Standard. The questions and marking schemes used are from SQA past papers and as such test the topics in their entirety from grade $A$ to $C$ and may include other areas from the course. In addition the questions from Paper 1 (P1) should be completed without the use of a calculator and questions from Paper 2 (P2) permit the use of a calculator.

Each Assessment Standard is used to ensure pupils have the minimum competency on the specified sub-skills for the National 4 course. As such each Assessment Standard will test grade C work on that specific topic.

This resource is divided into two sections:

- Section A has an example on each sub skill for the relevant Assessment Standard and the marking scheme for these questions
- Section B has extra practice questions on this Assessment Standard and the marking scheme for these questions

| $\frac{\text { Unit Assessment }}{\text { Standard }}$ | Sub skills | Section A - Question Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Numeracy <br> $\mathbf{1 . 4}$ | Interpreted measurements to <br> make a decision on at least one <br> Interpreting <br> measurements | Q1 |
| and results of <br> calculations to <br> make decisions | Interpreted the results of <br> calculations to make a decision on <br> at least one occasion correctly. | Q2 |

## FORMULAE LIST

Circumference of a circle:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C=\pi d \\
& A=\pi r^{2} \\
& A=2 \pi r h \\
& V=\pi r^{2} h \\
& V=A h
\end{aligned}
$$

Area of a circle:
Curved surface area of a cylinder:
Volume of a cylinder:
Volume of a triangular prism:

Theorem of Pythagoras:


Trigonometric ratios
in a right angled
triangle:


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \tan x^{\circ}=\frac{\text { opposite }}{\text { adjacent }} \\
& \sin x^{\circ}=\frac{\text { opposite }}{\text { hypotenuse }} \\
& \boldsymbol{\operatorname { c o s }} x^{\circ}=\frac{\text { adjacent }}{\text { hypotenuse }}
\end{aligned}
$$

Gradient:


Gradient $=\frac{\text { vertical height }}{\text { horizontal distance }}$

## Section A

| Q |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q1 } \\ & \text { P1 } \end{aligned}$ | 7. Each day a hotel displays graphs showing the temperatures in some cities. The graph for Glasgow has been completed. <br> (a) Complete the graphs for Venice and Stockholm. <br> (b) How many degrees warmer is it in Venice than Stockholm? | 2 |

P1 9. A recipe for Shortbread uses the following ingredients.

> 300 grams flour
> 100 grams sugar
> 200 grams butter

Alana has only 240 grams of flour.
Alana has only 80 grams of sugar.
Alana has only 150 grams of butter.
To use as much of the ingredients as possible Alana will have to adjust the amounts used for each ingredient.

What will be the new amounts used for each ingredient that still follows the recipe?

N4-NUM 1.4-Remediation

## Section A

## MARKING



## Section A - Marking Scheme

| Q |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1 | 7 (a) | 2 |
|  | (b) Ans: $9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | NOTES: <br> 1. Examples of evidence for the first mark <br> (a) $3-(-6)$ or $3+6$ or $-3-6$ or $-6-3$ <br> (b) A number line clearly marked from 3 to -6 <br> (c) Markings on graphs indicating an interval from 3 to -6 <br> 2. For evidence of $3 \rightarrow(-6)$ followed by no answer or a wrong answer, award $0 / 2$ <br> 3. Where the graphs in part (a) have been completed incorrectly, full marks are available in part (b) for either following through or 9 <br> 4. For an answer of -9 , with or without working, award $1 / 2$ |  |

- 1 mark Knowing to find the different ratios (at least one) $240 / 300=4 / 5$ :
- 1 mark for the other amounts: $80 / 100=4 / 5$ and $150 / 200=3 / 4$
- 1 mark for knowing to select the least fraction (3/4)
- 1 mark for finding $3 / 4$ of $300=225$
- 1 mark for the other 2 amounts: $3 / 4$ of $100=75$ and $3 / 4$ of $200=150$.

N4-NUM 1.4-Remediation

N4-NUM 1.4-Remediation

## Section B

## Section B - Paper 1 - Questions

7. The cost of sending a letter depends on the size of the letter and the weight of the letter.


| Format | Weight | Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1st Class Mail | 2nd Class Mail |
| Letter | $0-100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 34 p | 24 p |
|  | $0-100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 48 p | 40 p |
|  | $101-250 \mathrm{~g}$ | 70 p | 60 p |
|  | $251-500 \mathrm{~g}$ | 98 p | 83 p |
|  | $501-750 \mathrm{~g}$ | 142 p | 120 p |

Claire sends a letter weighing 50 g by 2 nd class mail.
She also sends a large letter weighing 375 g by 1 st class mail.

Claire has $£ 1.32$ in her purse as change. Can she use this change or will she have to split a $£ 10$ note. Explain your answer.

| 2 | 8. Adam's plane is due to depart at 1630. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


(a) Write 1630 as a 12 -hour time.

ANSWER
(b) The latest check-in time for Adam's flight is 1 hour 15 minutes before departure.
It takes 45 minutes to drive from Adam's house to the airport.
Adam leaves his house at 1410 .
Will Adam be able to check in on time?
Give a reason for your answer.

## Section B - Paper 2 - No Questions

# Section B 

## MARKING



## Section B - Paper 1 - Marking Scheme

| Q |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  <br> Yes - Claire can use the change as the amount needed is $£ 1.22$ while she has $£ 1.32$. Therefore she has 10p spare. | 4 |
| 2 | 8 (a) Ans: 4.30 pm <br> - $1 \quad$ give correct answer as a 12 hour <br> - ${ }^{1} \quad 4.30 \mathrm{pm}$ time <br> NOTES: <br> 1. Do not accept 4.30 <br> 2. Accept 04:30 pm <br> (b) | 1 |

## NOTES

1. A correct strategy could be $1410+1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}+45 \mathrm{~m}$ $1630-45 \mathrm{~m}$ and $1410+1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}$
$1630-1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}$ and $1410+45 \mathrm{~m}$
$1630-1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}-45 \mathrm{~m}$
1630-1410-1h15m
1630-1410-45m
(Award 1 for a partial strategy from any of the above)
2. For the third mark, two related calculations are required.
3. A valid conclusion could be

Yes, since 1610 is before 1630
Yes, since 1525 is before 1545
Yes, since 1455 is before 1515
Yes, since 1410 is before 1430
Yes, since 1 h 5 m is more than 45 m
Yes, since 1 h 35 m is more than 1 h 15 m
Yes, since he has 20 minutes to spare
4. Some common answers (with or without working)

| $1525(1410+1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m})$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1455(1410+45 \mathrm{~m})$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| $1545(1630-45 \mathrm{~m})$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| $1515(1630-1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m})$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| $2 \mathrm{~h}(1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}+45 \mathrm{~m})$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| $2 \mathrm{~h} 20 \mathrm{~m}(1630-1410)$ | award $1 / 4$ |
| 1610 | award $3 / 4$ |
| 1525 and 1545 | award $3 / 4$ |
| 1455 and 1515 | award $3 / 4$ |
| 1430 | award $3 / 4$ |
| 1 h 5 m | award $3 / 4$ |
| 1 h 35 m | award $3 / 4$ |

5. Where a candidate uses the same time twice eg $45 \mathrm{~m}+45 \mathrm{~m}$ instead of $45 \mathrm{~m}+1 \mathrm{~h} 15 \mathrm{~m}, 3 / 4$ are still available.
